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We Claim:

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- 1. A pulmonary liquid or dry formulation comprising a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer.
- 2. The pulmonary formulation of claim 1 wherein said GLP-1 compound is exendin or an analog thereof or a GLP-1 analogue.
- 3. The pulmonary formulation of claim 2 wherein said GLP-1 compound is exendin-3, exendin-4 or Arg<sup>34</sup>-GLP-1(7-37)-OH.

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4. The pulmonary formulation of any-one of claims 1-3-wherein said lipophilic substituent comprises 4-40 carbon atoms.

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5. The pulmonary formulation of any one of claims 1-4-wherein said lipophilic substituent is hexadecanoyl.

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6. The pulmonary formulation of any one of claims 1-5-wherein a spacer is present.

7. The pulmonary formulation of claim 6 wherein said spacer is  $\gamma$ -Glu or  $\beta$ -Ala.

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8. The pulmonary formulation of claim 1 wherein said GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent via a spacer is  $\text{Arg}^{34}\text{Lys}^{26}(\text{N}^{\epsilon}\text{-}(\gamma\text{-glutamyl}(\text{N}^{\alpha}\text{-hexadecanoyl})))\text{-GLP-1}(7-37)\text{-OH, }\text{Arg}^{18}, \text{Leu}^{20}, \text{Gln}^{34}, \text{Lys}^{33} (\text{N}^{\epsilon}\text{-}(\gamma\text{-aminobutyroyl}(\text{N}^{\alpha}\text{-hexadecanoyl})))}$  Exendin-4-(7-45)-NH<sub>2</sub> or  $\text{Arg}^{33}$ ,  $\text{Leu}^{20}$ ,  $\text{Gln}^{34}$ ,  $\text{Lys}^{18}$  (N<sup>\epsilon</sup>-(\gamma\text{-aminobutyroyl}(\text{N}^{\alpha}\text{-hexadecanoyl}))) Exendin-4-(7-45)-NH<sub>2</sub>.

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- 9. A pulmonary delivery device comprising a formulation according to any one of claims 1-8.
- 30 10. A pulmonary delivery device comprising a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer.

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11. A method for preparing a pulmonary liquid or dry formulation for use in a pulmonary device, said formulation comprising a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer.

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- 12. A method for preparing a pulmonary delivery device, said device comprising a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer.
- 13. A method of reducing blood glucose levels, treating diabetes type I, diabetes type II, or obesity, or inhibiting gastric acid secretion, or inhibiting apoptosis of  $\beta$ -cells, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer by inhalation so as to deposit said GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer in the lungs of the patient.
- 14. Use of a GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer for the preparation of a pulmonary delivery device for reducing blood glucose levels, treating diabetes type I, diabetes type II, obesity gastric ulcers, or for inhibition of apoptosis of β-cells.
- 15. The use according to claim 14, wherein said GLP-1 compound whereto is attached a lipophilic substituent optionally via a spacer is  $Arg^{34}Lys^{26}(N^{\epsilon}-(\gamma-glutamyl(N^{\alpha}-hexadecanoyl)))-GLP-1(7-37)-OH.$